# AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 8, 2004 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 13, 2004

# **SENATE BILL**

No. 1749

### **Introduced by Senator Karnette**

February 20, 2004

An act to add Section 42230.5 to, and to add Article 3 (commencing with Section 42250) to Chapter 5 of Part An act to add Chapter 5.2 (commencing with Section 42250) to Part 3 of Division 30 of, the Public Resources Code, relating to composting.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1749, as amended, Karnette. Composting.

Existing law requires the California Integrated Waste Management Board and specified state departments to undertake various actions related to compost.

This bill would require the board, subject to available resources, to review biodegradable evaluate degradable and compostable technologies and compostable for food service products and bags, and coordinate by coordinating voluntary demonstrations and testing, to determine the effectiveness of using biodegradable degradable and compostable technologies and compostable for food service products and bags, as specified. The bill would require the board to publish a summary of the products and technologies and demonstrations, on its Web site on or before June 30, 2006, and by coordinating voluntary demonstrations and performance testing, to determine the designed use performance of those products and bags. The bill would require the board, subject to available resources, to summarize those evaluations, as specified. The bill would require authorize the board to evaluate the

SB 1749 - 2 —

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performance of using various biodegradable degradable and compostable technologies and for compostable food service products and bags in simulated litter environments, and to publish the evaluation on its Web site on or before June 30, 2006. The bill would require the board to publish its testing methodology, evaluations, and summaries, on it Web site on or before June 30, 2007, and to make recommendations to the Department of General Services for standards for degradable and compostable food service products and bags.

The bill would define terms and make legislative findings and declarations.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 1 following: 2
- (a) The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 3 (Division 30 (commencing with Section 40000) of the Public 4 Resources Code) generally requires cities and counties to reduce the amount of material disposed in landfills in California by 50 7 percent by 2000.
  - (b) Organic waste represents over 35 percent of the material disposed in landfills in California.
  - (c) Composting is a common practice for many types of organic materials.
  - (d) A significant amount of food waste is not composted due to the high cost of removing and separating food service products from food waste.
  - (e) If food service products were compostable, costs would be reduced and more food waste could be economically composted. This would help cities and counties to achieve and maintain their diversion goals.
  - (f) Plastic bags can be a significant contaminant in yard and landscape waste composting operations.
- (g) If yard waste collection bags were compostable, costs 22 would be reduced and more yard waste could be economically composted. This would also help cities and counties to achieve and maintain their diversion goals.

<u>\_\_3</u> \_\_ SB 1749

(h) Litter is more than a visual blight. It is a significant contributor to the contamination of land and water, and poses a threat to state wildlife, public health, and public safety.

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- (i) Reduction of litter is an integral part of local governments' ability to comply with their trash total maximum daily load permits.
- SEC. 2. Section 42230.5 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:
- 42230.5. "Biodegradable product" or "compostable product" means a product that meets ASTM Specifications 6400 and 6868.
- SEC. 3. Article 3 (commencing with Section 42250) is added to Chapter 5 of Part 3 of Division 30 of the Public Resources Code, to read:

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# Article 3. Biodegradable Technologies and Compostable **Products**

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- 42250. (a) (1) The board shall review biodegradable technologies and compostable food service products and bags, and coordinate voluntary demonstrations and testing to determine the effectiveness of using biodegradable technologies and compostable food service products and bags.
- (2) The board shall pursue agreements with interested private and public partners to fund and coordinate the voluntary demonstrations and testing.
- (b) (1) The board shall summarize the biodegradable technologies and use of compostable food service products and bags, and the voluntary demonstrations, including the performance of various food service products and bags; cost information; toxicity, including heavy metals; and estimated potential diversion from landfills in the state if those products and technologies are used.
- (2) The board shall publish the summary on its Web site on or 36 before June 30, 2006.
  - 42251. The board shall evaluate the performance of using various biodegradable technologies and compostable food service products and bags in simulated litter environments. The board

SB 1749 — 4 —

shall publish the evaluation on its Web site on or before June 30,
2006. permit requirements.

SEC. 2. Chapter 5.2 (commencing with Section 42250) is added to Part 3 of Division 30 of the Public Resources Code, to read:

# CHAPTER 5.2. DEGRADABLE AND COMPOSTABLE PRODUCTS

- 42250. Unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions govern this chapter:
- (a) "ASTM standard specifications" means ASTM 6400-99, which is the standard specification for compostable plastics, and ASTM 6868-03, which is the standard specification for biodegradable plastics used as coatings on paper and other compostable substances, and includes any revisions to either of those specifications.
- (b) "Compostable product" means a product designed to undergo degradation by biological processes during composting, to yield carbon dioxide, water, inorganic compounds, and biomass, at a rate that is consistent with timeframes of standard composting industry practices, and leave no distinguishable or toxic residue.
- (c) "Degradable product" means a product that meets both of the following requirements:
- (1) The product is designed to undergo degradation under specified conditions including, but not limited to, biodegradation, photodegradation, or a combination of oxidation and biodegradation, as defined by the American Society of Testing Materials (ASTM).
- (2) The degradation of the product, as attested by the manufacturer or an independent laboratory, does not produce or result in a residue or byproduct, that, during or after the process of degrading, would be a hazardous or extremely hazardous waste, identified pursuant to Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 25100) of Division 20 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (d) "Designed use" means the purpose for which the product is intended to be used before its disposal.
- 42251. To encourage diversion of organic material, including food and green waste, from the state's landfills, as well as to reduce the environmental impact of litter as a threat to wildlife and public

\_\_ 5 \_\_ SB 1749

health and safety, appropriate degradable and compostable products and technologies need to be evaluated.

- 42252. (a) The board shall evaluate degradable and compostable technologies for food service products and bags, as follows:
- (1) Coordinate voluntary demonstrations and testing, to determine the effectiveness, including degradation rates, of degradable and compostable technologies for food service products and bags, in a variety of composting environments. The demonstrations and testing shall be consistent with the processes and protocols used in the ASTM standard specifications or other appropriate independent scientific testing and methods.
- (2) Coordinate voluntary demonstrations and performance testing, to determine the designed use performance of a variety of compostable food service products and bags.
- (b) The board shall summarize the degradable and compostable technologies for food service products and bags, and the voluntary demonstrations and testing, including designed use performance and degradation rates of various food service products and bags; cost information; residuals; toxicity, including heavy metals; and estimated potential diversion from landfills in the state, if those technologies and products are used.
- (c) The board may evaluate the performance of using various degradable and compostable technologies for food service products and bags in simulated litter environments.
- (d) (1) The board shall pursue agreements with interested private and public partners to fund and coordinate the voluntary demonstrations and testing.
- (2) The evaluations and summaries required pursuant to subdivisions (a), (b), and (c), are subject to available resources.
- 42253. On or before June 30, 2007, the board shall publish the testing methodology used pursuant to Section 42252 and the evaluations and summaries made pursuant to Section 42252 on its Web site.
- 35 42254. The board shall make recommendations to the 36 Department of General Services for standards for degradable and 37 compostable food service products and bags.